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# The 10 Year Anniversary Edition of The Women in College Coaching Report Card 

## A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF NCAA DIVISION-I INSTITUTIONS

2021-22

0ur longitudinal research for women collegiate sport coaches, now in its tenth year, is a partnership between the Tucker Center for Research on Girls \& Women in Sport at the University of Minnesota-the first research center of its kind in the world-and WeCOACH, the premiere organization in the US dedicated to increasing and retaining the number of women in the coaching profession. In this longitudinal research, we assign a grade to each institution, sport, and conference based on the percentage of women head coaches of women's teams.

In the first benchmark report of this longitudinal research series, The Decline of Women Coaches in Collegiate Athletics: A Report on Select NCAA Division-I FBS Institutions, 2012-13 (LaVoi, 2013), we detailed the historical decline in the percentage of women head coaches in the years following the passage of Title IX, explained why this research and women coaches matter and how minority status in the workplace can affect individuals, provided rationale for why examining employment patterns in 'big time' collegiate athletics programs was important, and reported the percentage of women in all coaching positions in select NCAA Division-I institutions by sport and conference. For over a decade our data indicate the percentage of women coaching collegiate women has been increasing in very small increments. We have coined this era 'stagnation' to note the difference from the historical and sharp decline in the 1970 s and early ' 80 s, and gradual decline evidenced between 1982 and 2010. As we celebrate the 50th anniversary of Title IX in 2022, and the 10th year of this Report Card, research related to the stagnation of women in sport leadership positions is timely and salient.

In the initial years of the report, we primarily examined a sample of 'big time' prominent FBS (Football Bowl Subdivision) NCAA Division-I athletic programs. Due to demand and interest in our data, we have widened our scope of research to include NCAA Division-I, II and III programs. All reports are at TuckerCenter.org

Over the last ten years we have consistently fielded the same battery of questions from a variety of stakeholders and media related to women in sport coaching:

Why do women coaches matter? Why should we hire women (subtext: we want to hire 'the best' and gender has nothing to do with it)? Why did the decline of women coaches occur post Title IX? Why is there still an underrepresentation of women coaches? What is the biggest barrier to increasing the percentage of women? Who is responsible for the underrepresentation of women sport coaches? What is the end goal of this report card? What can we do to increase the percentage of women sport coaches?

The answer to these questions, and developing solutions to unstick the stagnation, are not simple processes as it is well documented that women coaches face numerous, intertwined barriers that are complex and multiply based on women's intersecting identities (see LaVoi, 2016). What we do want to stress is the underrepresentation of women is not the problem, it is a symptom of the problem. The real problem is a culture, both societal and within sport, that does not value or support women.

Counting the number and percentage of women in sport coaching positions is one strategy to achieve the end goal. However, we realize counting individual women is limited and as a standalone, problematic. An increase in the percentage of women coaches (which is occurring... very slowly!) doesn't mean the culture or social structure of sport is changing. Increases in the proportionality of women coaches, or even achieving numerical equality (i.e., 50/50) doesn't mean the culture of sport is changing; nor does it indicate sport culture is changing equally for all women, as we know that gender inequality intersects with racial, ethnic, social, and sexual identities as well as other inequalities. Sport is a highly gendered context in what some argue is a gender regime-meaning it is gender segregated, highly masculinized, and encompasses maledominated processes and practices. Therefore, sport functions to discriminate against, segregate, marginalize, and exclude women from the most powerful and prestigious roles which limits women's cultural importance, and social and economic advancement.

To us, the ultimate endgame is to help change the culture of sport so that all women, with their various intersecting identities, feel safe, valued and supported, and the Women in College Coaching Report Card ${ }^{m "}$ is one piece of the solution puzzle.

## Purpose

The purpose of the Women in College Coaching Report Card" (WCCRC) research series is multifaceted: 1) to document, benchmark and track the percentage of women coaches of women's teams in collegiate athletics (i.e. gender diversity); 2 ) to provide evidence that can help retain and increase the percentage of women in the coaching profession; 3) to track the effectiveness of initiatives aimed at reversing the stagnation of the percentage of women in sport coaching; 4) to bring awareness, while providing an evidence-based starting point, for a national discussion on
this important issue; 5) to extend and complement research on women in sport coaching; and 6) to hold decision makers accountable for who they hire.

Additional purposes have emerged over ten years. This report has educated and informed thousands of women coaches and sport stakeholders, not only in the US but around the world. It has helped women realize they are not alone in feeling undervalued, unsupported, marginalized, and discriminated against. We let the data tell the story. When women learn the data, they begin to see the system in which they exist and how that system has failed to value and support them. In some cases women realize how their positive experiences in coaching are privileged and not the norm. Women begin thinking about how they can effect change, advocate for themselves and each other, develop networks of support, upskill their resumes, and make informed choices about their career trajectory. Data is power, and the goal of this report is to provide data that can be used in a variety of ways to ultimately change the structure and system of sport. Additional narrative about the impact of the WCCRC is in the conclusion.

## Methodology

Documenting and adhering to a rigorous methodology is important for transparency, replication, comparison to other data, and consistency in tracking and reporting over time. For a detailed account of our methodology, coding key, data collection, reliability processes, and how we determined and developed grading criteria, see the 2012-13 report (LaVoi, 2013) which can be downloaded at TuckerCenter.org.

For this report, data was collected between September 27th and December 23rd, 2021, by visiting each institution's athletics website and reviewing the coaching roster/staff for the 2021-22 academic year for each women's NCAA-sponsored and NCAA-emerging sport team listed. Our goal was to achieve $100 \%$ accuracy and many efforts were undertaken to verify and ensure reliable data. As with any data, the numbers reported herein may have a small margin of error. To report an error, please contact info@tuckercenter.org

All individuals listed on the coaching roster as Head Coach, including Interim Head Coaches, were recorded. Diving coaches were coded as Head Coaches. A Director of Sport, common in track \& field and swimming \& diving, was coded as the Head Coach. An individual who occupied the Head Coach position for two sports (e.g., Head Coach for track \& field and cross country) was coded as two separate coaches.

## SAMPLE

The 2021-22 dataset included all head coaches of women's teams $(\mathrm{N}=3642)$ at 359 institutions of higher education in all geographic regions of the United States that were current members of 32 NCAA Division-I conferences. Two institutions and 23 teams were added to the sample in 202122 due to transition from NCAA D-II and D-III to D-I: University of St Thomas and University
of California, San Diego. Appendix A summarizes the distribution of schools by conference for 2021-22.

## PROGRAMS THAT WERE ELIMINATED OR ADDED

During the 2021-22 school year, there were 13 women's sports programs cut from the Division-I schools inlcuded in the Report Card. Of the 13 teams cut, the sports affected were softball (3), diving (2), swimming (2), tennis (2), and one (1) each of bowling, rowing, squash, and volleyball. Of the 13 cut programs, five were led by women and eight were led by men. See Appendix B for a full list of programs eliminated.

Also during the 2021-22 school year, 7 women's sports programs were added and 3 programs were reinstated after previously being cut. The 10 sports added or reinstated included golf (2) and one (1) of each of acrobatics and tumbling, beach volleyball, diving, lacrosse, swimming, squash, triathlon, and wrestling. Four of the programs were led by women head coaches and six were led by men. See Appendix B for a full list of programs added.

## GRADE CRITERIA

The scale used to assign grades is as follows: $\mathrm{A}=70-100 \%, \mathrm{~B}=55-69 \%, \mathrm{C}=40-54 \%$, $\mathrm{D}=25-39 \%, \mathrm{~F}=0-24 \%$ of female coaches of women's teams. If rounding up resulted in moving up a grade level, the institution, sport, or conference was placed in the higher grade bracket. Institutions with the same female coach percentage were ordered alphabetically. For how the grading criteria was developed see past Report Cards.

## CODING RACE AND GENDER

The current Women in College Coaching Report Card includes analysis of the race and gender of head coaches of women's teams. For information on why and how we define, conceptualize, and code these variables, see the 2020-21 WCCRC.

## Results

## HEAD COACHES

A total of 3642 Head Coach positions of women's teams from 359 institutions comprised this sample. A small percentage of positions remained unfilled $(0.30 \%, \mathrm{n}=11)$ at the time of data collection (September 2021 - December 2021), the position was eliminated ( $0.14 \%, \mathrm{n}=5$ ) or the program was eliminated $(0.36 \%, \mathrm{n}=13)$ resulting in a final sample of 3613 head coaches for analysis. While the overall percentage of women head coaches went up for the fourth year in a row, women continued to hold less than half ( 1567 of $3613,43.4 \%$ ) of the head coaching positions across 32 Division-I conferences which is slightly higher (0.7\%) than in 2020-21 (See Table 1).

TABLE 1. PERCENTAGE OF DIVISION-I WOMEN HEAD COACHES FOR WOMEN'S TEAMS

| Year | Schools | Female |  | Male |  | Total Coaches |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| $2017-18$ Head Coaches | 349 | 41.7 | 1463 | 58.3 | 2049 | 3512 |
| $2018-19$ Head Coaches | 351 | 42.1 | 1491 | 57.9 | 2050 | 3541 |
| $2019-20$ Head Coaches | 352 | 42.3 | 1501 | 57.8 | 2054 | 3555 |
| $2020-21$ Head Coaches | 357 | 42.7 | 1527 | 57.3 | 2051 | 3578 |
| $2021-22$ Head Coaches | 359 | 43.4 | 1567 | 56.6 | 2046 | 3613 |

## HEAD COACH TURNOVER

Head coach turnover is a target of opportunity to increase the percentage of women head coaches. In the 2021-22 academic year, of the existing head coach positions, $12.2 \%$ (441 of 3613) turned over, an increase from the $8 \%$ turnover evidenced last year. See Table 2 for the gender composition of the former coach-new coach dyad (e.g., if a male coach was replaced by a female, that was coded as male-female). For the second year in a row, a minority of positional vacancies (219 of $441,49.6 \%$ ) were filled by men. However, that is still 219 missed opportunities to hire a woman and increase the number and percentage of women head coaches.

TABLE 2. HEAD COACH TURNOVER AND GENDER PAIR OF OUTGOING AND INCOMING COACH BY NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE FOR DIVISION-I HEAD COACHES 2021-22

| Gender Pair of Coach Change | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| male-male | 33.1 | 146 |
| female-male | 16.5 | 73 |
| total males hired | 49.6 | 219 |
| female-female | 27.4 | 121 |
| male-female | 22.9 | 101 |
| total females hired | 50.3 | 222 |
| total turnover | 12.2 | 441 |

## BY SPORT

The percentage of women head coaches in 28 sports varied greatly (See Table 3). Lacrosse (90.8\%) and field hockey ( $83.3 \%$ ) had a large majority of female head coaches. Emerging NCAA sports of acrobatics \& tumbling, rugby, and equestrian received A grades and provided positive examples of hiring women at the outset of program building and development. Five sports improved their grade from 2020-21 with softball ( $70.3 \%$ ) moving up to an A, triathlon ( $57.1 \%$ ) moving up to a B, wrestling ( $50 \%$ ), rifle ( $47.1 \%$ ), and volleyball ( $40.3 \%$ ) moving up to a C. No sport moved down a letter grade from 2020-21. Swimming, diving, cross country, and track and field remained sports comprised of a large majority of male head coaches. Table 4 indicates the number and percentage of head coaches by sport and gender for all NCAA sponsored and emerging D-I sports.

TABLE 3. GRADE BY SPORT FOR PERCENTAGE OF WOMEN D-I HEAD COACHES FOR 2021-22

| Grade | \% | Sport |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 100-70 | Acrobatics \& Tumbling (100\%)*, Lacrosse (+90.8\%), Rugby (87.5\%)*, Equestrian (85.0\%)**, Field Hockey (83.3\%), Softball ( $\uparrow 70.3 \%$ ) |
| B | 69-55 | Basketball (+66.9\%), Gymnastics ( +60.7 ), Golf (-61.8\%), Triathlon ( $\uparrow 57.1 \%$ )* |
| C | 54-40 | Wrestling ( $\uparrow 50.0 \%)^{*}$, Volleyball (-47.2), Rifle ( $\left.\uparrow 47.1\right)^{* *}$, Bowling (-44.1\%), Rowing/Crew ( $+42.0 \%$ ), Beach Volleyball ( $\uparrow 40.3 \%$ ) |
| D | 39-25 | Tennis (-38.8\%), Ice Hockey (-37.0\%), Water Polo (+32.4\%), Soccer (+29.1\%) |
| F | 24-0 | Nordic Skiing (22.2\%)*, Swimming (+20.9\%), Diving (-19.7\%), Squash (+20.0\%), Cross Country ( $+19.9 \%$ ), Track \& Field ( $+19.2 \%$ ), Fencing ( $-17.2 \%$ ), Alpine Skiing (0.0\%)* |

*Offered by ten or fewer schools; **Offered by twenty or fewer schools; Sport decreased (-) or increased (+) percentage of women head coaches; moved down $\downarrow$ or up $\uparrow$ a grade from 2020-21 to 2021-22.

## BY INSTITUTION

The range for the percentage of women head coaches by institution also varied dramatically, consistent with past Report Cards. One institution at the time of data collection (University of Rhode Island) had $90 \%$ women head coaches and three institutions (Austin Peay State University, Florida A \& M, and Michigan State) had $80 \%$ or higher women coaches. Four institutions (Jacksonville State, North Dakota State, Oklahoma State, and St. Bonaventure University) had $0 \%$ women head coaches - ZERO. See Appendix C for a full list of grades by institution for the percentage of women head coaches.

Based on the percentage of women head coaches, 23 of 359 (6.4\%) institutions received an A grade ( $70 \%$ or more women head coaches, up from 20 in 2020-21 and 18 in 2019-20!) for being above average compared to peer institutions. Seventy institutions (19.6\%) received a B grade, 119 institutions (33.1\%) received a C, and 106 institutions ( $29.5 \%$ ) received a D. Forty-one institutions (11.4\%) received a failing grade of F ( $24 \%$ or less women head coaches), making the number of F grades nearly two times the number of A grades. Over two-thirds of institutions $(70.5 \%, \mathrm{n}=253)$ had $50 \%$ or fewer women head coaches.

## BY CONFERENCE

The Ivy League evidenced the highest percentage (56.4\%) while the Summit League had the lowest percentage ( $25.3 \%$ ) of women head coaches (See Table 5). The WCC (+3.7\%) and the SEC $(+1.5 \%)$ were the only conferences to improve their grades of Ds to Cs from 2020-21. Conference USA and the ASUN earned lower grades of Cs to Ds from 2020-21. The Big Ten led the Power 5 conferences, and was fourth overall. The number of head coaches by conference and gender are in Table 6. See Appendix A for institutional composition of each conference.

TABLE 4. HEAD COACH NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE ALPHABETICALLY BY SPORT AND GENDER FOR DIVISION-I WOMEN'S TEAMS 2021-22

| Sport | Head Coaches |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female |  | Male |  |  |
|  | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Acrobatics \& Tumbling* | 100.0 | 4 | 0.0 | 0 | 4 |
| Alpine Skiing* | 0.0 | 0 | 100.0 | 9 | 9 |
| Basketball | 66.9 | 239 | 33.1 | 118 | 357 |
| Beach Volleyball | 40.3 | 25 | 59.7 | 37 | 62 |
| Bowling | 44.1 | 15 | 55.9 | 19 | 34 |
| Cross Country | 19.9 | 72 | 80.1 | 289 | 361 |
| Diving | 19.7 | 34 | 80.3 | 139 | 173 |
| Equestrian** | 85.0 | 17 | 15.0 | 3 | 20 |
| Fencing | 17.2 | 5 | 82.8 | 24 | 29 |
| Field Hockey | 83.3 | 65 | 16.7 | 13 | 78 |
| Golf | 61.8 | 165 | 38.2 | 102 | 267 |
| Gymnastics | 60.7 | 37 | 39.3 | 24 | 61 |
| Ice Hockey | 37.0 | 10 | 63.0 | 17 | 27 |
| Lacrosse | 90.8 | 108 | 9.2 | 11 | 119 |
| Nordic Skiing* | 22.2 | 2 | 77.8 | 7 | 9 |
| Rifle** | 47.1 | 8 | 52.9 | 9 | 17 |
| Rowing/ Crew | 42.0 | 37 | 58.0 | 51 | 88 |
| Rugby* | 87.5 | 7 | 12.5 | 1 | 8 |
| Soccer | 29.1 | 100 | 70.9 | 244 | 344 |
| Softball | 70.3 | 211 | 29.7 | 89 | 300 |
| Squash* | 20.0 | 2 | 80.0 | 8 | 10 |
| Swimming | 20.9 | 41 | 79.1 | 155 | 196 |
| Tennis | 38.8 | 119 | 61.2 | 188 | 307 |
| Track \& Field | 19.2 | 67 | 80.8 | 282 | 349 |
| Triathlon* | 57.1 | 4 | 42.9 | 3 | 7 |
| Volleyball | 47.2 | 161 | 52.8 | 180 | 341 |
| Water Polo | 32.4 | 11 | 67.6 | 23 | 34 |
| Wrestling* | 50.0 | 1 | 50.0 | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 43.4 | 1567 | 56.6 | 2046 | 3613 |

[^0]TABLE 5. GRADE BY CONFERENCE FOR PERCENTAGE OF NCAA D-I WOMEN HEAD COACHES 2021-22

| Grade <br> A | $\%$ $100-70$ | Conference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | 69-55 | Ivy League (+56.4\%) |
| C | 54-40 | Big West ( $+54.0 \%$ ), Mid-American ( $+52.8 \%$ ), Big 10 ( $52.7 \%$ ), Ohio Valley ( $+51.2 \%$ ), A10 ( $+49.6 \%$ ), Patriot League ( $+48.8 \%$ ), AAC ( $+48.6 \%$ ), Mountain West ( $-47.4 \%$ ), CAA ( $47.2 \%$ ), Missouri Valley ( $+46.2 \%$ ), ACC ( $+45.1 \%$ ), Sun Belt ( $+44.1 \%$ ), Big South ( $44.1 \%$ ), Pac 12 ( $+43.8 \%$ ), American East ( $43.6 \%$ ), MAAC ( $+43.0 \%$ ), Northeast ( $-43.0 \%$ ), WCC ( $\uparrow 42.5 \%$ ), SWAC ( $+41.9 \%$ ), SEC ( $\uparrow 40.6 \%$ ) |
| D | 39-25 | Big East $(+39.1 \%)$, Conference USA ( $\downarrow 38.9 \%)$, ASUN ( $\downarrow 38.7 \%$ ), Southern $(+37.8 \%)$, Big Sky ( $35.5 \%$ ), Southland ( $-35.4 \%$ ), WAC ( $-33.3 \%$ ), Mid-Eastern ( $-32.9 \%$ ), Horizon League ( $+29.4 \%$ ), Big 12 ( $+29.0 \%$ ), Summit League ( $-25.3 \%$ ) |
| F | 24-0 |  |

Conference decreased (-) or increased ( + ) percentage of women head coaches; moved down $\downarrow$ or up $\uparrow$ a grade from 2020-21 to 2021-22

TABLE 6. GRADE, NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF NCAA D-I WOMEN HEAD COACHES BY CONFERENCE FOR 2021-22

|  | Female Male |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conference | Grade | \% | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| Iny League | B | 56.4 | 79 | 43.6 | 61 | 140 |
| Big West | C | 54.0 | 61 | 46.0 | 52 | 113 |
| Mid-American | C | 52.8 | 65 | 47.2 | 58 | 123 |
| Big 10 | C | 52.7 | 96 | 47.3 | 86 | 182 |
| Ohio Valley | C | 51.2 | 42 | 48.8 | 40 | 82 |
| Atlantic 10 | C | 49.6 | 70 | 50.4 | 71 | 141 |
| Patriot League | C | 48.8 | 59 | 51.2 | 62 | 121 |
| American/AAC | C | 48.6 | 51 | 51.4 | 54 | 105 |
| Mountain West | C | 47.4 | 55 | 52.6 | 61 | 116 |
| CAA | C | 47.2 | 51 | 52.8 | 57 | 108 |
| Missouri Valley | C | 46.2 | 43 | 53.8 | 50 | 93 |
| ACC | C | 45.1 | 78 | 54.9 | 95 | 173 |
| Sun Belt | C | 44.1 | 45 | 55.9 | 57 | 102 |
| Big South | C | 44.1 | 41 | 55.9 | 52 | 93 |
| Pac 12 | C | 43.8 | 67 | 56.2 | 86 | 153 |
| American East | C | 43.6 | 41 | 56.4 | 53 | 94 |


|  | Female |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conference | Grade | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| MAAC | C | 43.0 | 52 | 57.0 | 69 | 121 |
| Northeast | C | 43.0 | 55 | 57.0 | 73 | 128 |
| WCC | C | 42.5 | 57 | 57.5 | 77 | 134 |
| SWAC | C | 41.9 | 36 | 58.1 | 50 | 86 |
| SEC | C | 40.6 | 63 | 59.4 | 92 | 155 |
| Big East | D | 39.1 | 43 | 60.9 | 67 | 110 |
| Conference USA | D | 38.9 | 49 | 61.1 | 77 | 126 |
| ASUN | D | 38.7 | 43 | 61.3 | 68 | 111 |
| Southern | D | 37.8 | 31 | 62.2 | 51 | 82 |
| Big Sky | D | 35.5 | 33 | 64.5 | 60 | 93 |
| Southland | D | 35.4 | 23 | 64.6 | 42 | 65 |
| WAC | D | 33.3 | 26 | 66.7 | 52 | 78 |
| Mid-Eastern | D | 32.9 | 28 | 67.1 | 57 | 85 |
| Horizon League | D | 29.4 | 32 | 70.6 | 77 | 109 |
| Big 12 | D | 29.0 | 29 | 71.0 | 71 | 100 |
| Summit League | D | 25.3 | 23 | 74.7 | 68 | 91 |

## Women Coaches of Color

## HEAD COACHES

Of the 3613 head coach positions of women's teams from 359 institutions, a small percentage of coaches' race could not be discerned $(0.2 \%, \mathrm{n}=6)$ despite multiple verification methods, resulting in a final sample of 3607 for analysis. White coaches held a majority (2983 of $3607 ; 82.7 \%$ ) head coaching positions across 32 Division-I conferences (See Tables 7 \& 9), and women of color were dramatically under-represented (See Tables $8 \& 10$ ).

Compared to 2020-2021, we saw an increase of head coaches of color. Last year, women of color held 245 ( $6.8 \%$ ) of head coaching positions while this year, 265 ( $7.3 \%$ ) women of color hold head coaching positions. Similarly, last year 336 ( $9.4 \%$ ) men of color held head coaching positions, while this year 359 (10\%) men of color held head coaching positions (see Table 10).

TABLE 7. PERCENTAGE OF NCAA D-I BIPOC HEAD COACHES FOR WOMEN'S TEAMS

| Year | Schools | BIPOC |  |  | White | Total Coaches |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| $2020-21$ Head Coaches | 357 | 16.3 | 581 | 83.7 | 2986 | 3567 |
| $2021-22$ Head Coaches | 359 | 17.3 | 624 | 82.7 | 2983 | 3607 |

TABLE 8. PERCENTAGE OF NCAA D-I HEAD COACHES FOR WOMEN'S TEAMS BY GENDER AND RACE 2021-22

| Race | Female |  | Male |  | Total Coaches |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| White/Caucasian | $36.0 \%$ | 1298 | $46.7 \%$ | 1685 | $82.7 \%$ | 2983 |
| Black or African American | $5.4 \%$ | 195 | $6.7 \%$ | 240 | $12.1 \%$ | 435 |
| Asian | $0.8 \%$ | 30 | $1.1 \%$ | 41 | $2.0 \%$ | 71 |
| Hispanic or Latino/Latina | $0.9 \%$ | 31 | $2.1 \%$ | 75 | $2.9 \%$ | 106 |
| Native American or Alaskan Native | $0.0 \%$ | 1 | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $0.0 \%$ | 1 |
| Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | $0.2 \%$ | 8 | $0.1 \%$ | 3 | $0.3 \%$ | 11 |

TABLE 9. PERCENTAGE OF NCAA D-I HEAD COACHES FOR WOMEN'S TEAMS BY RACE COLLAPSED

| Race | Total Coaches |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\%$ | N |
| White/Caucasian | $82.7 \%$ | 2983 |
| BIPOC* | $17.3 \%$ | 624 |

TABLE 10. PERCENTAGE OF DIVISION-I HEAD COACHES BY GENDER AND RACE 2021-22

| Race | Female |  | Male |  | Total Coaches |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| BIPOC | $7.3 \%$ | 265 | $10.0 \%$ | 359 | $17.3 \%$ | 624 |
| White/Caucasian | $36.0 \%$ | 1298 | $46.7 \%$ | 1685 | $82.7 \%$ | 2983 |
| Total | 43.3 | 1563 | 56.7 | 2044 | $100 \%$ | 3607 |

## COACH TURNOVER

Head coach occupational position turnover is a target of opportunity to increase the percentage of BIPOC head coaches. In the 2021-22 academic year, of the existing head coach positions, $12.2 \%$ (441 of 3613) turned over. One incoming and two outgoing coach's race could not be discerned resulting in a turnover sample of 438 . See Table 11 for the race composition of the former coachnew coach dyad (e.g., if a white coach was replaced by a BIPOC coach, that was coded as whiteBIPOC). A majority of positional vacancies ( 334 of $438,75.9 \%$ ) were filled by white coaches, leaving 334 missed opportunities to hire a coach of color and increase the percentage of BIPOC head coaches. Only 11\% (50 of 438) of all head coaches hired were women of color.

TABLE 11. HEAD COACH TURNOVER OF OUTGOING AND INCOMING COACH BY RACE, NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE FOR HEAD COACHES 2021-22

| Race Pair of Coach Change | \% | n |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| White-White | 68.2 | 300 |
| BIPOC-White | 7.7 | 34 |
| Total White coaches hired | 75.9 | 334 |
| BIPOC-BIPOC | 7.3 | 32 |
| White-BIPOC | 16.4 | 72 |
| Total coaches of color hired | 23.6 | 104 |

## BY SPORT

The percentage of BIPOC Head Coaches in 28 sports varied from bowling (35.3\%) and track \& field ( $31.2 \%$ ) which had $30 \%+$ of BIPOC head coaches, to acrobatics \& tumbling, ice hockey, nordic skiing, rugby, squash, triathlon, and wrestling where zero ( $0 \%$ ) coaches were coded as BIPOC. Table 12 indicates the number and percentage of head coaches by sport and race. The five top sports where BIPOC women were represented as head coaches were: basketball ( $\mathrm{n}=81,22.7 \%$ ), volleyball ( $\mathrm{n}=42,12.3 \%$ ), tennis ( $\mathrm{n}=26,8.5 \%$ ), track and field ( $\mathrm{n}=28$, $8.0 \%$ ), and softball ( $\mathrm{n}=20,6.7 \%$ ).

No sport evidenced a majority of BIPOC coaches. Based on the NCAA participation data, female student-athletes in all sports do not see coaches who look like them, and this is particularly true for BIPOC women. Same-identity athletic role models matter to increase the accrual of positive psychosocial, health, and developmental assets for girls and women.

TABLE 12. PERCENTAGE OF DIVISION-I HEAD COACHES BY SPORT AND RACE 2021-22

| Sport | Head Coaches |  |  |  | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
|  | \% | n | \% | n |  |
| Bowling | 35.3\% | 12 | 61.8\% | 21 | 34 |
| Track | 31.2\% | 109 | 68.8\% | 240 | 349 |
| Basketball | 30.3\% | 108 | 69.7\% | 249 | 357 |
| Fencing | 27.6\% | 8 | 72.4\% | 21 | 29 |
| Cross Country Run | 23.0\% | 83 | 77.0\% | 278 | 361 |
| Tennis | 21.5\% | 66 | 78.2\% | 240 | 307 |
| Volleyball | 20.8\% | 71 | 78.6\% | 268 | 341 |
| Beach Volleyball | 14.5\% | 9 | 85.5\% | 53 | 62 |
| Soccer | 13.1\% | 45 | 86.6\% | 298 | 344 |
| Rugby | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Diving | 12.1\% | 21 | 87.9\% | 152 | 173 |
| Gymnastics | 11.5\% | 7 | 88.5\% | 54 | 61 |
| Softball | 10.7\% | 32 | 89.0\% | 267 | 300 |
| Squash | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Water Polo | 8.8\% | 3 | 91.2\% | 31 | 34 |
| Swimming | 7.1\% | 14 | 92.9\% | 182 | 196 |
| Field Hockey | 6.4\% | 5 | 93.6\% | 73 | 78 |
| Golf | 6.0\% | 16 | 94.0\% | 251 | 267 |
| Lacrosse | 5.9\% | 7 | 94.1\% | 112 | 119 |
| Rifle | 5.9\% | 1 | 94.1\% | 16 | 17 |
| Equestrian | 5.0\% | 1 | 95.0\% | 19 | 20 |
| Crew/Rowing | 4.5\% | 4 | 95.5\% | 84 | 88 |
| Acrobatics \& Tumbling | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 4 | 4 |
| Alpine Skiing | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Ice Hockey | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 27 | 27 |
| Nordic Skiing | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Triathlon | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Wrestling | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 2 | 2 |

## BY INSTITUTION

Five institutions at the time of data collection (Alabama A\&M, Southern University at Baton Rouge, South Carolina State, Alcorn State, and Mississippi Valley State) had 100\% BIPOC head coaches, while 98 institutions had 0\% BIPOC head coaches. See Appendix D for a full list of the percentage of BIPOC head coaches by institution. Most institutions ( $77.9 \%, \mathrm{n}=280$ ) had $25 \%$ or fewer BIPOC head coaches.

## BY CONFERENCE

The Southwestern Athletic Conference (SWAC, a conference made up of Historically Black Colleges and Universities $\{\mathrm{HBCUs}\}$ ) evidenced the highest percentage ( $89.4 \%$ ) while the Summit League had the lowest percentage (7.7\%) of BIPOC head coaches (See Table 13).

TABLE 13. PERCENTAGE OF DIVISION-I HEAD COACHES BY CONFERENCE AND RACE 2021-22

|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conference | \% | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| SWAC | 89.4 | 76 | 10.6 | 9 | 85 |
| Mid-Eastern | 71.8 | 61 | 28.2 | 24 | 85 |
| American/AAC | 24.0 | 25 | 76.0 | 79 | 104 |
| WAC | 20.8 | 16 | 79.2 | 61 | 77 |
| Big West | 19.5 | 22 | 80.5 | 91 | 113 |
| Pac 12 | 19.0 | 29 | 81.0 | 124 | 153 |
| Big South | 18.3 | 17 | 81.7 | 76 | 93 |
| Sun Belt | 17.6 | 18 | 82.4 | 84 | 102 |
| Northeast | 17.2 | 22 | 82.8 | 106 | 128 |
| Ohio Valley | 17.1 | 14 | 82.9 | 68 | 82 |
| CAA "Colonial" | 16.8 | 18 | 83.2 | 89 | 107 |
| Conference USA | 16.7 | 21 | 83.3 | 105 | 126 |
| Big 12 | 16.0 | 16 | 84.0 | 84 | 100 |
| ACC | 15.6 | 27 | 84.4 | 146 | 173 |
| Mountain West | 15.5 | 18 | 84.5 | 98 | 116 |
| SEC | 15.5 | 24 | 84.5 | 131 | 155 |


|  | BIPOC |  |  |  |  |  | White |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conference | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| WCC | 14.9 | 20 | 85.1 | 114 | 134 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mid-American | 14.6 | 18 | 85.4 | 105 | 123 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southern | 14.6 | 12 | 85.4 | 70 | 82 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Patriot League | 12.4 | 15 | 87.6 | 106 | 121 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big East | 11.8 | 13 | 88.2 | 97 | 110 |  |  |  |  |  |
| American East | 11.7 | 11 | 88.3 | 83 | 94 |  |  |  |  |  |
| MAAC | 11.7 | 14 | 88.3 | 106 | 120 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big 10 | 11.5 | 21 | 88.5 | 161 | 182 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Horizon League | 11.0 | 12 | 89.0 | 97 | 109 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri Valley | 9.7 | 9 | 90.3 | 84 | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ivy League | 9.3 | 13 | 90.7 | 127 | 140 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southland | 9.2 | 6 | 90.8 | 59 | 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big Sky | 8.6 | 8 | 91.4 | 85 | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic 10 | 8.6 | 12 | 91.4 | 128 | 140 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASUN | 8.1 | 9 | 91.9 | 102 | 111 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Summit League | 7.7 | 7 | 92.3 | 84 | 91 |  |  |  |  |  |

Women head coaches of color held 265 positions at the NCAA D-I level (7.35\%). Of the 265 women head coaches of color, five of the top conferences where they were employed included: SWAC ( $\mathrm{n}=32,12.1 \%$ ), Mid-Eastern ( $\mathrm{n}=23,8.7 \%$ ), American ( $\mathrm{n}=14,5.3 \%$ ), CAA ( $\mathrm{n}=13,4.9 \%$ ), and Mountain West ( $\mathrm{n}=13,4.9 \%$ ). The Big 12 was the only conference that employed zero women coaches of color.

## Select Seven Conferences NCAA Division-I Results

In past versions of the Women in College Coaching Report Card" we produced an additional report which documented the seven select NCAA Division-I prominent conferences we call the 'Select 7':

American Athletic Conference (AAC), Atlantic Coast Conference (ACC), Big 12, Big East, Big Ten, Pacific-12 (Pac-12), and Southeastern Conference (SEC). We made the decision to incorporate this data into the current report rather than develop a standalone report. However, we have collected data on these seven select conferences since the 2012-2013 academic year and this longitudinal data is important to document sustained stagnation and/or progress at arguably the most visible, lucrative, and powerful collegiate athletic conferences.

## SELECT 7 PERCENTAGE OF HEAD COACHES

A total of 984 head coach positions of women's teams from 87 institutions comprised this sample. A small percentage of positions remained unfilled $(0.10 \%, \mathrm{n}=1)$, were eliminated $(0.31 \%, \mathrm{n}=3)$ or the program was cut $(0.20 \%, \mathrm{n}=2)$ at the time of data collection (September 2021 - December 2021) resulting in a final sample of 978 for analysis. Women held 427 of the 978 ( $43.7 \%$ ) head coaching positions across the seven Division-I conferences (See Table 14), which is higher (1.2\%) than the percentage of select 7 women head coaches of women's teams in 2020-21. For the eighth year in a row the percentage went up, and this year marked the greatest increase in the history of the report!!

TABLE 14. PERCENTAGE OF DIVISION-I WOMEN HEAD COACHES OF WOMEN'S TEAMS WITHIN SELECT SEVEN NCAA-DIVISION I CONFERENCES

| Year | Schools | Female |  | Male |  | Total Coaches |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | \% | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| $2012-13$ | 76 | 40.2 | 356 | 59.8 | 530 | 886 |
| $2013-14$ | 76 | 39.6 | 352 | 60.4 | 536 | 888 |
| $2014-15^{*}$ | 86 | 40.2 | 390 | 59.8 | 579 | 969 |
| $2015-16$ | 86 | 41.1 | 397 | 58.9 | 570 | 967 |
| $2016-17$ | 86 | 41.2 | 397 | 58.8 | 567 | 964 |
| $2017-18$ | 86 | 41.6 | 404 | 58.4 | 567 | 964 |
| $2018-19$ | 86 | 41.8 | 406 | 58.2 | 565 | 971 |
| $2019-20$ | 87 | 42.3 | 410 | 57.7 | 560 | 970 |
| $2020-21^{*}$ | 42.5 | 413 | 57.5 | 558 | 978 |  |
| $2021-22$ | 43.7 | 427 | 56.3 | 551 |  |  |
| Number of schools increased due to conference realignment |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |

## SELECT 7 HEAD COACH TURNOVER

Head coach turnover is a key target of opportunity to increase the percentage of women head coaches. In the 2021-22 academic year, of the existing head coaches, 11.0\% (108 of 978) experienced occupational turnover this year, a significant increase from the 5.6\% turnover in 202021. See Table 15 for the gender composition of the former coach-new coach hired dyad.

For the first time in ten years, a majority of positional vacancies (56 of 108, 51.9\%) were filled by women! However, 52 missed opportunities to hire a woman and increase the number and percentage of women head coaches were evidenced. For full data and analysis on longitudinal head coach turnover patterns of women's teams in the Select 7 conferences, see LaVoi \& Silva-Breen (2022).

TABLE 15. HEAD COACH TURNOVER OF OUTGOING AND INCOMING COACH BY GENDER, NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE FOR SELECT 7 HEAD COACHES 2021-22

| Gender Pair of Coach Change | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| male-male | 36.1 | 39 |
| female-male | 12.0 | 13 |
| total males hired | 48.1 | 52 |
| female-female | 27.8 | 30 |
| male-female | 24.1 | 26 |
| total females hired | 51.9 | 56 |
| total turnover | 11.0 | 108 |

## Summary

The goal of the Women in College Coaching Report Card ${ }^{\text {tw }}$ is to document the percentage of women collegiate head coaches over time and complement and extend the excellent work in this area conducted by our colleagues. Data matters!

Data in this 2022 report and over the last ten years of the WCCRC documents longitudinal patterns of percentages of women head coaches within NCAA Division-I athletics, and carries on the tradition started by Drs. Vivian Acosta and Linda Carpenter in the 1970s through 2014 (see acostacarpenter.org). Data herein points to some good news! First, the data indicates the percentage of women head coaches of NCAA D-I women's teams in Select 7 conferences is up again for the eighth year in a row and for the fourth year in a row for all NCAA D-I women's teams. Second, the data is headed in the right direction-UP! Third, the percentage of women head coaches in the Select 7 went up by the largest margin (1.2\%) in the history of the WCCRC! Lastly, for the first time in ten years, the number of women head coaches hired to replace outgoing coaches was greater than the number of men hired. While a majority of those hires were white men and women, nearly half of the BIPOC coaches hired were women.

Despite the good news, we must also point to 'opportunities for change'. First, the percentage of women head coaches is increasing very slowly. At this rate of increasing an average $0.4 \%$ a year, we will not reach $50 \%$ of women head coaches in this report for another 17 years and will not reach preTitle IX levels $\mathbf{( 9 0 \% )}$ ) of head coaches of women's intercollegiate teams for 117 years. Second, women coaches of color remain dramatically underrepresented. A large number of institutions employed zero coaches of color, which does not reflect the racial composition of the student athletes. Notably, the Summit League conference had the lowest percentage of women and BIPOC coaches. This data provides a starting point to address systems change and further documentation to hold decision makers accountable, creates dialogue and awareness, focuses collective and collaborative efforts,
and provides a road map for where to dedicate resources. Athletic directors (ADs) need to take every individual coaching change seriously. The data tells the story. Efforts to combat gender and racial bias in the occupational landscape of sport coaching must continue.

This is the second year we collected racial identity. While a large body of literature exists about women in sport coaching, a small percentage of it is dedicated solely to women of color. Existing data indicates that women of color face stereotyping, discrimination, limited opportunity for career advancement, both gender and racial bias in hiring, as well as being underrepresented, othered, marginalized, held to a higher standard than their white counterparts, and forced to face multiple oppressions within sport-related institutions. One study documented that women of color held coaching positions for less time (by 3 years, on average) and on average it took one year longer to reach a head coaching position than their white male peers (Larsen \& Clayton, 2019). Hollomon (2016) noted women of color often do not apply for sport leadership positions due to perceived barriers. Our data reinforced existing knowledge on the occupational landscape for women coaches of color. The experiences of women of color and the scarcity of same identity role models and mentors also likely influences the experience, development and performance of female student-athletes of color. Future research into the experiences of women coaches of color is needed and warranted so that support systems can be developed and implemented.

As with prior reports and in other NCAA Divisions, the percentage of women head coaches by institution, sport and conference varied greatly. While some intercollegiate workplaces employ a majority of women head coaches for their women's teams and should be celebrated and recognized, room for improvement for institutions and sports with failing grades is evident. Some caveats about Report Card grades are warranted. First, the institutional grade is reflective of one piece of the workplace; an above-average grade may not accurately reflect or guarantee a positive or healthy workplace climate for women, but it is a good general indicator. Additionally, ADs new to an institution, inherit a grade and it is neither fair nor productive to blame that person for a below average grade; conversely, some ADs inherit an above average grade. Relatedly, some ADs are committed to hiring women, offer women the job but are turned down. Additional research is needed as to why women accept or decline job offers, what factors influence their decision, and how intersectional identities impact decision-making. For example, we interviewed a subsample of coaches from the WCCRC who explicitly named a same-sex partner in their online coaching biography family narrative (LaVoi \& Glassford, 2021). These women have survived and thrived in the male-dominated, sexist, homophobic landscape of intercollegiate sport and cited courage, family cohesiveness, mentorship, and institutional climate and leadership as key supports in helping them (lesbian coaches) navigate the occupational landscape and stay in coaching. Similar research on supports for women with various intersectional identities, especially women of color, is needed. The Report Card data provides a visible mechanism of accountability and based on what ADs tell us, some are paying attention.

## How the report card is making a difference

The WCCRC data can be, and is, used by institutions, athletics administrators, advocates, allies, conference commissioners, and sport coaching associations to advocate for women coaches, track progress or decline in comparison to peer institutions, evaluate the effectiveness of strategies aimed at increasing the percentage of women coaches, develop programming, and hold institutions and decision makers accountable in creating a gender-balanced workforce-especially for women's teams. Stakeholders across the US and around the globe have shared the numerous ways in which our reports are being used for social change, ways we could have never anticipated at its inception.

## Targets of opportunity for change

It is clear that a coaching position vacancy or occupational turnover provides the biggest target of opportunity to hire women. There are a four ways to realize the opportunity to increase the percentage of women coaches and to move up a grade level:

- Impact is greatest when a woman is hired in a position previously occupied by a man.
- Hire a woman head coach when an institution adds a new sport.
- Replace an outgoing woman with another woman coach.
- Change in Athletic Director leadership. Based on the previous Select 7 Division-I Report Cards, the institutions with the greatest rate of coach turnover from year-to-year are often institutions with a new Athletic Director.
Within our data, evidence exists over an AD's leadership tenure (a majority whom are male) if the institutional grade improves, is sustained, or declines. Over eight years, ADs have had over 700+ opportunities to hire women to coach women's teams, and did so less than half the time (Boucher \& LaVoi, forthcoming). Some AD had 15+ opportunities over eight years to hire women. Some of them have rarely done so. While we don't make public or provide names of individual ADs or publish their hiring trends of head coaches of women's teams, we do collect it! Interestingly, some institutions have hired all women over eight years with different ADs at the helm. The Report Card data provides a visible mechanism of accountability. Additional in depth case study research that builds on the knowledge that LaVoi \& Wasend (2018) gathered from A-grade ADs, pertaining to organizational culture of athletic departments that value and support women, is warranted. Particularly, data is needed to illuminate the organizational culture, policies, and practices of F-grade institutions... and sports!


## Addressing Systemic Change

However, simply "adding more women " or hiring more women as suggested above, is an individual level strategy and only part of the solution. The greatest target of opportunity to create positive and sustainable social change is to confront the gendered structure and systemic biases that permeate collegiate athletics. Women coaches-no matter the sport, institution, or level of competition-face a complex and multi-level (individual, interpersonal, organizational, societal) set of barriers and bias (Hollomon, 2016; LaVoi, 2016; Sabo et al., 2016). The numerous and complex barriers women coaches experience are well documented in the academic literature
(for a full review see Women in Sports Coaching, edited by LaVoi, 2016) as well as in many other scholarly works and research reports. Systemic inequalities and gender and racial bias within the context of sport are prevalent. Bias, whether it is conscious or unconscious/implicit, results in unequal treatment, evaluation, perception, and interpretation that can result in overt, gross, or micro-level aggressions due to attitudes based on the gender of an employee or group of employees-in the case of this report, women coaches. The social construction of what it means "to coach" and the stereotypical behaviors and ideologies linked with coaching, are associated with men and masculinity (assertive, tough, confident, powerful). When women coaches "coach", they are often unfairly and negatively evaluated, perceived, and interpreted compared to their male counterparts-by Athletic Directors, media, peers, parents, and athletes. One trend to watch is the increasing prevalence of student athletes alleging coach mistreatment or abuse, which may have gender, race, and age biases that disadvantage women.

The gender regime and systemic bias in college athletics creates an unpleasant workplace climate for many women and is one reason why women do not enter the coaching profession, are often silenced for speaking out against it, or are driven out by those in power when they call attention to injustice or discrimination. The failure to address bias, and structural and systemic inequalities are likely reasons that dramatic and statistically significant upward change in the percentage of women head coaches fails to occur. It is simply not possible that as each new generation of females becomes increasingly involved in and shaped by their sport experience, they simultaneously become less interested, less passionate, and less qualified to enter the coaching profession. We can do better.

## Conclusion

Together, the Tucker Center for Research on Girls \& Women in Sport at the University of Minnesota and WeCOACH—along with other organizations, groups and individuals—are striving to create systems change, increase the percentage of women college coaches, generate awareness, continue a national dialogue, and recruit, support and retain women in the coaching profession. Our vision is that more young women (and men) have female coaches as role models and coaching becomes a more gender-balanced profession. Women who aspire to coach should have legitimate opportunities to enter the workforce, experience a supportive, inclusive and positive work climate when they do, and be paid accordingly and fairly for their expertise. Our efforts aspire to the tagline from the Wellesley Centers for Women: "A world that is good for women is good for everyone ${ }^{\mathrm{mm}}$."

All reports, current and past, are available at $w w w$. TuckerCenter.org.

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## APPENDIX A

## NCAA DIVISION I CONFERENCE COMPOSITION

## America East Conference

Binghamton University
Stony Brook University
New Jersey Institute of Technology
University at Albany - State
University of New York

University of Hartford
University of Maine
University of Maryland, Baltimore County
University of Massachusetts, Lowell

University of New Hampshire, Durham
University of Vermont

University of Memphis
University of South Florida
University of Tulsa
Wichita State University

La Salle University
St. Bonaventure University
Saint Joseph's University
Saint Louis University
University of Dayton

Syracuse University
University of Louisville
University of Miami
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill
University of Notre Dame
University of Massachusetts, Amherst
University of Rhode Island
University of Richmond
Virginia Commonwealth University

University of Pittsburgh
University of Virginia
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and
State University
Wake Forest University

Jacksonville State University
Jacksonville University
Kennesaw State University
Liverty University

Lipscomb University
Stetson University
University of Central Arkansas
University of North Alabama
University of North Florida

## Big 10 Conference

Indiana University
Michigan State University
Northwestern University
Ohio State University
PennsyIvania State University

Purdue University
Rutgers University
University of Illinois
University of Iowa
University of Maryland

University of Michigan
University of Minnesota
University of Nebraska, Lincoln
University of Wisconsin, Madison

## Big 12 Conference

Baylor University
Iowa State University
Kansas State University

## Big East Conference

Butler University
Creighton University
DePaul University
Georgetown University

## Big Sky Conference

California State University,
Sacramento
Eastern Washington University
Idaho State University

Big South Conference
Campbell University
Charleston Southern University
Gardner-Webb University
Hampton University
High Point University

## Big West Conference

California Polytechnic State
University
California State University,
Bakersfield
California State University, Fullerton

Oklahoma State University
Texas Christian University
Texas Tech University

Marquette University
Providence College
St. John's University
Seton Hall University

Montana State University
Northern Arizona University
Portland State University
Southern Utah University

Longwood University
North Carolina A\&T State University
Presbyterian College
Radford University

California State University, Long Beach
California State University, Northridge
University of California, Davis
University of California, Irvine

University of Kansas
University of Oklahoma
University of Texas at Austin
West Virginia University

University of Connecticut
Villanova University
Xavier University

University of Idaho
University of Montana
University of Northern Colorado
Weber State University

University of North Carolina at Asheville
University of South Carolina Upstate
Winthrop University

University of California, Riverside
University of California, Santa
Barbara
University of California, San Diego
University of Hawaii at Manoa

University of Delaware
University of North Carolina,
Wilmington
Northeastern University
Towson University

Rice University
University of Alabama at Birmingham
University of North Carolina at
Charlotte
University of North Texas

University of Southern Mississippi
University of Texas at El Paso
University of Texas at San Antonio
Western Kentucky University

## Horizon League

Cleveland State University
Robert Morris University
University of Detroit Mercy
University of Wisconsin - Green Bay

## Ivy League

Brown University
Columbia University
Cornell University

Indiana University - Purdue
University, Fort Wayne
Indiana University - Purdue
University, Indianapolis
University of Wisconsin - Milwaukee

Dartmouth College
Harvard University
Princeton University

## Metro Atlantic Athletic Conference (MAAC)

Canisius College
Fairfield University
Iona College
Manhattan College

## Mid-American Conference

Ball State University
Bowling Green State University
Central Michigan University
Eastern Michigan University

## Mid-Eastern Athletic Conference

Coppin State University
Delaware State University
Howard University

## Missouri Valley Conference

Bradley University
Drake University
Illinois State University

## Mountain West Conference

Boise State University
United State Air Force Academy
California State University, Fresno
Colorado State University

## Northeast Conference

Bryant University
Central Connecticut State University
Fairleigh Dickinson University
Long Island University - Brooklyn

Marist College
Monmouth University
Niagara University
Quinnipiac University

Kent State University
Miami University
Northern Illinois University
Ohio University

Morgan State University
Norfolk State University
North Carolina Central University

Indiana State University
Loyola University - Chicago
Missouri State University

San Diego State University
San Jose State University
University of Nevada, Reno
University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Merrimak College
Mount St. Mary's University
Sacred Heart University

> Northern Kentucky University
> Oakland University
> University of Illinois at Chicago
> Wright State University
> Youngstown State University

University of Pennsylvania Yale University

Rider University
Saint Peter's University
Siena College

University at Buffalo - State
University of New York
University of Akron
University of Toledo
Western Michigan University

South Carolina State University
University of Maryland Eastern
Shore

Southern Illinois University
University of Evansville
University of Northern Iowa
Valparaiso University

University of New Mexico
University of Wyoming
Utah State University

Saint Francis University
(Pennsylvania)
St. Francis College of Brooklyn
Wagner College

## Ohio Valley Conference

Belmont University<br>Eastern Illinois University<br>Morehead State University

## Pacific-12 Conference (Pac 12)

Arizona State University
Oregon State University
Stanford University
University of Arizona

## Patriot League

American University
Boston University
Bucknell University

## Southeastern Conference (SEC)

Auburn University
Louisiana State University
Mississippi State University
Texas A\&M University
University of Alabama

## Southern Conference

The Citadel
East Tennessee State University
Furman University
Mercer University

## Southland Conference

Houston Baptist University
McNeese State University
Nicholls State University

## Summit League

North Dakota State University
Oral Roberts University
South Dakota State University

Murray State University<br>Southeast Missouri State University<br>Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville

University of California, Berkeley University of California, Los Angeles
University of Colorado, Boulder
University of Oregon

## Colgate University <br> College of the Holy Cross <br> Lafayette College

University of Arkansas
University of Florida
University of Georgia
University of Kentucky
University of Mississippi

Samford University
University of North Carolina at Greensboro

Northwestern State University
Sam Houston State University
Southeastern Louisiana University

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University of Denver
University of Missouri - Kansas
City
```

Tennessee State University
Tennessee Technological University
University of Tennessee at Martin

University of Southern California University of Utah
University of Washington
Washington State University

## Lehigh University

Loyola University - Maryland United State Military Academy United States Naval Academy

University of Missouri
University of South Carolina
University of Tennessee
Vanderbilt University

University of Tennessee at Chattanooga
Virginia Military Institute
Western Carolina University Wofford College

> Texas A\&M University - Corpus Christi
> University of the Incarnate Word University of New Orleans

University of Nebraska, Omaha University of South Dakota
Western Illinois University

## Sun Belt Conference

Appalachian State University
Arkansas State University
Coastal Carolina University
Georgia Southern University

Texas State University
Troy University
University of Arkansas at Little Rock
University of Louisiana at Lafayette

University of Louisiana at Monroe
University of South Alabama
University of Texas at Arlington

Prairie View A\&M University
Southern University, Baton Rouge
Texas Southern University
University of Arkansas at Pine Bluff

Western Athletic Conference (WAC)
Abilene Christian University
Chicago State University
Grand Canyon University

Lamar University<br>New Mexico State University<br>Seattle University

Stephen F. Austin State University
University of Texas Rio Grande Valley
Utah Valley University

## West Coast Conference (WCC)

Brigham Young University
Gonzaga University
Loyola Marymount University
Pepperdine University
Saint Mary's College
Santa Clara University University of San Diego
University of the Pacific University of San Francisco

## APPENDIX B

PROGRAMS THAT WERE ELIMINATED OR ADDED 2021-22

| Eliminated <br> Conference | School | Sport | Coach Gender |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASUN | Eastern Kentucky | Softball | Female |
| Atlantic 10 | La Salle University | Softball | Female |
| Mid-American | Eastern Michigan | Softball | Female |
| Mountain West | Boise State | Swimming | Female |
| SWAC | Bethune-Cookman | Bowling | Female |
| Atlantic 10 | George Washington University | Squash | Male |
| Atlantic 10 | La Salle University | Tennis | Male |
| Atlantic 10 | La Salle University | Volleyball | Male |
| Big 10 | Michigan State | Diving | Male |
| Big 10 | Michigan State | Swimming | Male |
| Mountain West | Boise State | Diving | Male |
| Mountain West | San Diego State | Rowing | Male |
| Northeast | Fairleigh Dickson, Metro Campus | Tennis | Male |
| Added <br> Conference | School | Sport | Coach Gender |
| Big South | Hampton University | Triathlon | Female |
| Big South | Presbyterian College |  <br> Tumbling | Female |
| Mid-American | Eastern Michigan | Lacrosse | Female |
| Northeast | Sacred Heart University | Wrestling | Female |
| Big East | Georgetown | Squash | Male |
| Ivy League | Dartmouth | Diving | Male |
| Ivy League | Dartmouth | Golf | Male |
| Ivy League | Dartmouth | Swimming | Male |
| Ohio Valley | Eastern Illinois | Beach Volleyball | Male |
| SWAC | Texas Southern | Golf | Male |

## APPENDIXC

GRADE, PERCENTAGE, AND NUMBER OF WOMEN HEAD COACHES BY INSTITUTION 2020-21

Female

| School | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| University of Rhode Island | A | 90.0\% | 9 | 10.0\% | 1 | 10 |
| Austin Peay State University | A | 88.9\% | 8 | 11.1\% | 1 | 9 |
| Florida A\&M | A | 85.7\% | 6 | 14.3\% | 1 | 7 |
| Michigan State | A | 81.8\% | 9 | 18.2\% | 2 | 11 |
| Saint Joseph's University | A | 77.8\% | 7 | 22.2\% | 2 | 9 |
| UCF Central Florida | A | 77.8\% | 7 | 22.2\% | 2 | 9 |
| Quinnipiac University | A | 75.0\% | 9 | 25.0\% | 3 | 12 |
| Texas Southern | A | 75.0\% | 6 | 25.0\% | 2 | 8 |
| Virginia Commonwealth | A | 75.0\% | 6 | 25.0\% | 2 | 8 |
| Monmouth University | A | 72.7\% | 8 | 27.3\% | 3 | 11 |
| Tennessee | A | 72.7\% | 8 | 27.3\% | 3 | 11 |
| Eastern Washington University | A | 71.4\% | 5 | 28.6\% | 2 | 7 |
| Tennessee State | A | 71.4\% | 5 | 28.6\% | 2 | 7 |
| Brown | A | 70.6\% | 12 | 29.4\% | 5 | 17 |
| California (Berkeley) | A | 70.6\% | 12 | 29.4\% | 5 | 17 |
| Central Michigan | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| Cincinnati | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| Coastal Carolina | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| Northeastern University | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| Oklahoma | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| Stetson University | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| University of San Diego | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| University of Toledo | A | 70.0\% | 7 | 30.0\% | 3 | 10 |
| Appalachian State | B | 66.7\% | 6 | 33.3\% | 3 | 9 |
| George Washington University | B | 66.7\% | 8 | 33.3\% | 4 | 12 |
| Mississippi | B | 66.7\% | 6 | 33.3\% | 3 | 9 |
| Western Michigan | B | 66.7\% | 6 | 33.3\% | 3 | 9 |
| Princeton | B | 64.7\% | 11 | 35.3\% | 6 | 17 |
| Rutgers | B | 64.3\% | 9 | 35.7\% | 5 | 14 |
| Alabama at Birmingham | B | 63.6\% | 7 | 36.4\% | 4 | 11 |
| California Polytechnic | B | 63.6\% | 7 | 36.4\% | 4 | 11 |
| Illinios | B | 63.6\% | 7 | 36.4\% | 4 | 11 |
| Illinois State | B | 63.6\% | 7 | 36.4\% | 4 | 11 |
| Manhattan College | B | 63.6\% | 7 | 36.4\% | 4 | 11 |
| SMU Southern Methodist* | B | 63.6\% | 7 | 36.4\% | 4 | 11 |
| Washington | B | 63.6\% | 7 | 36.4\% | 4 | 11 |
| Yale | B | 63.2\% | 12 | 36.8\% | 7 | 19 |
| Alabama A\&M | B | 62.5\% | 5 | 37.5\% | 3 | 8 |
| Longwood University | B | 62.5\% | 5 | 37.5\% | 3 | 8 |
| Nicholls State | B | 62.5\% | 5 | 37.5\% | 3 | 8 |


| School | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North Carolina at Greensboro | B | 62.5\% | 5 | 37.5\% | 3 | 8 |
| Ohio State | B | 62.5\% | 10 | 37.5\% | 6 | 16 |
| California State, Fresno | B | 61.5\% | 8 | 38.5\% | 5 | 13 |
| Merrimack College | B | 61.5\% | 8 | 38.5\% | 5 | 13 |
| Minnesota | B | 61.5\% | 8 | 38.5\% | 5 | 13 |
| Bellarmine University | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| California State, Bakersfield | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Columbia | B | 60.0\% | 9 | 40.0\% | 6 | 15 |
| Davidson College | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Long Beach State University | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Loyola, Maryland | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Miami | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Nevada, Reno | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| New Mexico | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Ohio University | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Pepperdine | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Southern Illinois, Carbondale | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| University of Illinois at Chicago | B | 60.0\% | 6 | 40.0\% | 4 | 10 |
| Northwestern | B | 58.3\% | 7 | 41.7\% | 5 | 12 |
| Saint Francis (Pennsylvania) | B | 58.3\% | 7 | 41.7\% | 5 | 12 |
| San Diego State | B | 58.3\% | 7 | 41.7\% | 5 | 12 |
| Bradley | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| College of the Holy Cross | B | 57.1\% | 8 | 42.9\% | 6 | 14 |
| Coppin State | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| DePaul | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| High Point University | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| Loyola University Chicago | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| Massachusetts Lowell | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| Tarleton | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| Tennessee Tech | B | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| California, Davis | B | 56.3\% | 9 | 43.8\% | 7 | 16 |
| California, Sana Barbara | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Clemson | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Drake | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Georgia State | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Hofstra University | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Indiana State | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| North Carolina Asheville | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Northern Illinois | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Old Dominion University | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Oregon State | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Prairie View A\&M | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Tennessee at Martin | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |


|  |  | Female |  | Male |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| University at Albany | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Vanderbilt | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Washington State | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Wofford College | B | 55.6\% | 5 | 44.4\% | 4 | 9 |
| Bowling Green State | B* | 55.0\% | 6 | 45.0\% | 5 | 11 |
| Brigham Young University | B* | 55.0\% | 6 | 45.0\% | 5 | 11 |
| Bryant University | B* | 55.0\% | 6 | 45.0\% | 5 | 11 |
| Loyola Marymount | B* | 55.0\% | 6 | 45.0\% | 5 | 11 |
| Niagara University | B* | 55.0\% | 6 | 45.0\% | 5 | 11 |
| University of Akron | B* | 55.0\% | 6 | 45.0\% | 5 | 11 |
| Boston University | C | 53.8\% | 7 | 46.2\% | 6 | 13 |
| Colgate | C | 53.8\% | 7 | 46.2\% | 6 | 13 |
| lowa | C | 53.8\% | 7 | 46.2\% | 6 | 13 |
| Lehigh University | C | 53.8\% | 7 | 46.2\% | 6 | 13 |
| San Jose State | C | 53.8\% | 7 | 46.2\% | 6 | 13 |
| Villanova | C | 53.8\% | 7 | 46.2\% | 6 | 13 |
| Virginia | C | 53.8\% | 7 | 46.2\% | 6 | 13 |
| Penn State | C | 53.3\% | 8 | 46.7\% | 7 | 15 |
| Darmouth | c | 52.6\% | 10 | 47.4\% | 9 | 19 |
| UC San Diego | C | 50.0\% | 6 | 50.0\% | 6 | 12 |
| Abilene Christian University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Belmont University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Binghamton University | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Califoria, Irvine | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| California, Fullerton | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| California, Northridge | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| California, Riverside | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Charleston Southern University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| College of Charleston (South Carolina) | c | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Drexel University | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Duke | C | 50.0\% | 7 | 50.0\% | 7 | 14 |
| Eastern Michigan | C | 50.0\% | 6 | 50.0\% | 6 | 12 |
| Florida Atlantic University | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Georgia Southern | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Georgia Tech | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Harvard | C | 50.0\% | 10 | 50.0\% | 10 | 20 |
| Houston Baptist University | c | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Idaho State | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Lafayette | c | 50.0\% | 6 | 50.0\% | 6 | 12 |
| Lipscomb University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Miami University (Ohio) | c | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Michigan | C | 50.0\% | 8 | 50.0\% | 8 | 16 |


|  |  | Female |  | Male |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Morehead State | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Nevada, Las Vegas | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| North Carolina at Charlotte | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| North Carolina State | C | 50.0\% | 6 | 50.0\% | 6 | 12 |
| North Florida | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Northern Kentucky University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Seattle University | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| South Florida | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Southeast Missouri State | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Texas at San Antonio | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Texas State | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Troy University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| University of Denver | C | 50.0\% | 6 | 50.0\% | 6 | 12 |
| University of Hartford | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| University of New Orleans | C | 50.0\% | 3 | 50.0\% | 3 | 6 |
| University of Richmond | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Valparaiso University | C | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| Wake Forest | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Weber State University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Winthrop University | C | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Wisconsin | C | 50.0\% | 6 | 50.0\% | 6 | 12 |
| Cornell | C | 47.1\% | 8 | 52.9\% | 9 | 17 |
| North Carolina | C | 46.7\% | 7 | 53.3\% | 8 | 15 |
| Connecticut | C | 46.2\% | 6 | 53.8\% | 7 | 13 |
| Towson University | C | 46.2\% | 6 | 53.8\% | 7 | 13 |
| Delaware State | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Duquesne University | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Florida State | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Hawaii, Manoa | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Maryland | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Massachusetts, Amherst | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| North Carolina Wilmington | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Santa Clara University | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| University of St Thomas | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Temple | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| U.S. Air Force Academy | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| University of Vermont | C | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| American University | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Central Arkansas | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Central Connecticut State | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| East Tennessee State | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Elon University | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |


|  |  | Female |  | Male |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Furman University | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Lousiana at Monroe | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Maryland, Baltimore County | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Memphis | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Northern Arizona University | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Radford University | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Seton Hall | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| St John's | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| University at Buffalo, the State University of New York | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| University of Dayton | C | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| U Penn | C | 43.8\% | 7 | 56.3\% | 9 | 16 |
| Arkansas, Pine Bluff | C | 42.9\% | 3 | 57.1\% | 4 | 7 |
| Bethune-Cookman | C | 42.9\% | 3 | 57.1\% | 4 | 7 |
| New Hampshire | C | 42.9\% | 6 | 57.1\% | 8 | 14 |
| Rice University | C | 42.9\% | 3 | 57.1\% | 4 | 7 |
| South Carolina State | C | 42.9\% | 3 | 57.1\% | 4 | 7 |
| Texas at Arlington | C | 42.9\% | 3 | 57.1\% | 4 | 7 |
| UCLA | C | 42.9\% | 6 | 57.1\% | 8 | 14 |
| University of Missouri-Kansas City | C | 42.9\% | 3 | 57.1\% | 4 | 7 |
| Stanford | C | 42.1\% | 8 | 57.9\% | 11 | 19 |
| Alabama | C | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| Ball State | C | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| Florida | C | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| James Madison University | C | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| South Carolina | C | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| Texas Christian University | C | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| U.S. Military Academy | C | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| Long Island - Brooklyn Campus | C | 41.2\% | 7 | 58.8\% | 10 | 17 |
| Canisius College | c | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Colorado | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Colorado State | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Fordham University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Houston | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Jacksonville University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Marshall University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Mercer University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| New Mexico State University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Oakland University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Presbyterian College | c | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Rider University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Saint Louis University | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| St. Francis College Brooklyn | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |


| School | Grade | Female |  | Male |  | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \% | n | \% | n |  |
| Stephen F. Austin State | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Tulane | C | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Wright State | C | 40.0\% | 2 | 60.0\% | 3 | 5 |
| Sacred Heart University | D | 38.9\% | 7 | 61.1\% | 11 | 18 |
| Delaware | D | 38.5\% | 5 | 61.5\% | 8 | 13 |
| Louisville | D | 38.5\% | 5 | 61.5\% | 8 | 13 |
| LSU | D | 38.5\% | 5 | 61.5\% | 8 | 13 |
| Notre Dame | D | 38.5\% | 5 | 61.5\% | 8 | 13 |
| Arkansas at Little Rock | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Boston College | D | 37.5\% | 6 | 62.5\% | 10 | 16 |
| Gonzaga | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Grambling State | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Hampton University | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Jackson State | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Lamar University | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Louisiana Tech University | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Portland State | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Southern utah University | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Texas Tech | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Xavier | D | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Arkansas | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| College of William and Mary | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| E. Carolina | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Florida International | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| George Mason University | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Grand Canyon University | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Missouri | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Oregon | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Providence | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Syracuse | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| U.S. Naval Academy | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| University of the Incarnate Word | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Virginia Tech | D | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Bucknell | D | 35.7\% | 5 | 64.3\% | 9 | 14 |
| Nebraska | D | 35.7\% | 5 | 64.3\% | 9 | 14 |
| Arizona | D | 33.3\% | 4 | 66.7\% | 8 | 12 |
| Arizona State | D | 33.3\% | 5 | 66.7\% | 10 | 15 |
| Auburn | D | 33.3\% | 4 | 66.7\% | 8 | 12 |
| Dixie State | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Fairleigh Dickinson, Metro Campus | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Gardner - Webb University | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Georgia | D | 33.3\% | 4 | 66.7\% | 8 | 12 |


|  |  | Female |  | Male |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Kennesaw State University | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Murray State | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| North Carolina Central | D | 33.3\% | 2 | 66.7\% | 4 | 6 |
| Northern Colorado | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Pittsburgh | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Siena College | D | 33.3\% | 4 | 66.7\% | 8 | 12 |
| Southern Mississippi | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| St. Mary's College of California | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Texas A\&M - Corpus Christi | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Tulsa | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| University of Maine, Orono | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| University of San Francisco | D | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Indiana | D | 30.8\% | 4 | 69.2\% | 9 | 13 |
| Mount St. Mary's University | D | 30.8\% | 4 | 69.2\% | 9 | 13 |
| Utah | D | 30.8\% | 4 | 69.2\% | 9 | 13 |
| Boise State | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Campbell University | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Eastern Illinois | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Florida Gulf Coast University | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Northern lowa | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| South Dakota State | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Stony Brook | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| University of North Texas | D | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Alcorn State | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Chicago State University | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Eastern Kentucky | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Georgetown | D | 28.6\% | 4 | 71.4\% | 10 | 14 |
| Indiana University-Purdue University, Fort Wayne | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Lousiana at Lafayette | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Marquette | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Mississippi Valley State | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| New Jersey Institute of Technology | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| South Carolina Upstate | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Southern Illinois, Edwardsville | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Texas Rio Grande Valley | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Virginia Military Institute | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Wichita State | D | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Butler | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Iona College | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Kansas | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| La Salle University | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Liberty University | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |


|  |  | Female |  | Male |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Missouri State | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Purdue | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Texas A \& M | D | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Wagner College | D | 26.7\% | 4 | 73.3\% | 11 | 15 |
| Creighton | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Fairfield University | D | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |
| Kansas State | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Kentucky | D | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |
| McNeese State | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Middle Tennessee State | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Mississippi State | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Montana State - Bozeman | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| North Carolina A\&T State | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Samford University | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Southern University, Baton Rouge | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Tennessee at Chattanooga | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| University of Detroit Mercy | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| University of Montana | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| University of North Alabama | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| University of Portland | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| University of the Pacific | D | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |
| Utah State | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Western Carolina | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Western Illinois | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Wisconsin-Milwaukee | D | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| USC | F | 23.1\% | 3 | 76.9\% | 10 | 13 |
| Alabama State | F | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Baylor | F | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Robert Morris University | F | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Sam Houston State | F | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Wisconsin-Green Bay | F | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Wyoming | F | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Indiana University-Purdue University, Indianapolis | F | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Kent State | F | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Howard University | F | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Iowa State | F | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Texas | F | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| West Virginia | F | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| California State, Sacramento | F | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |
| Marist College | F | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |
| The Citadel | F | 16.7\% | 1 | 83.3\% | 5 | 6 |
| Youngstown State | F | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |


| School | Female |  |  | Male |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grade | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Cleveland State | F | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| Maryland Eastern Shore | F | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Morgan State | F | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Norfolk State | F | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Oral Roberts | F | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Savannah State | F | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Southeastern Louisiana | F | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Utah Valley University | F | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Arkansas State | F | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Northwestern State | F | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Saint Peter's University | F | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| University of Idaho | F | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| University of North Dakota | F | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Western Kentucky University | F | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| South Alabama | F | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Texas at El Paso | F | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| University of Evansville | F | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Calirofnia Baptist | F | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Nebraska Omaha | F | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| South Dakota | F | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| Jacksonville State | F | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| North Dakota State | F | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Oklahoma State | F | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| St. Bonaventure University | F | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |

* = rounding up resulted in the institution moving up a grade level


## APPENDIX D

PERCENTAGE AND NUMBER OF BIPOC HEAD COACHES BY INSTITUTION 2021-22

|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Alabama A\&M | 100.0\% | 8 | 0.0\% | 0 | 8 |
| Alcorn State | 100.0\% | 7 | 0.0\% | 0 | 7 |
| Mississippi Valley State | 100.0\% | 7 | 0.0\% | 0 | 7 |
| South Carolina State | 100.0\% | 7 | 0.0\% | 0 | 7 |
| Southern University, Baton Rouge | 100.0\% | 8 | 0.0\% | 0 | 8 |
| Howard University | 90.9\% | 10 | 9.1\% | 1 | 11 |
| Prairie View A\&M | 88.9\% | 8 | 11.1\% | 1 | 9 |
| Grambling State | 87.5\% | 7 | 12.5\% | 1 | 8 |
| Jackson State | 87.5\% | 7 | 12.5\% | 1 | 8 |
| Arkansas, Pine Bluff | 85.7\% | 6 | 14.3\% | 1 | 7 |
| Florida A\&M | 85.7\% | 6 | 14.3\% | 1 | 7 |
| Norfolk State | 85.7\% | 6 | 14.3\% | 1 | 7 |
| Texas Southern | 85.7\% | 6 | 14.3\% | 1 | 7 |
| University of New Orleans | 83.3\% | 5 | 16.7\% | 1 | 6 |
| Alabama State | 77.8\% | 7 | 22.2\% | 2 | 9 |
| Hampton University | 75.0\% | 6 | 25.0\% | 2 | 8 |
| North Carolina A\&T State | 75.0\% | 6 | 25.0\% | 2 | 8 |
| Bethune-Cookman | 71.4\% | 5 | 28.6\% | 2 | 7 |
| Chicago State University | 71.4\% | 5 | 28.6\% | 2 | 7 |
| Coppin State | 71.4\% | 5 | 28.6\% | 2 | 7 |
| Morgan State | 71.4\% | 5 | 28.6\% | 2 | 7 |
| Tennessee State | 71.4\% | 5 | 28.6\% | 2 | 7 |
| North Carolina Central | 66.7\% | 4 | 33.3\% | 2 | 6 |
| Maryland Eastern Shore | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| Texas Rio Grande Valley | 57.1\% | 4 | 42.9\% | 3 | 7 |
| California, Fullerton | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| California, Riverside | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Nevada, Reno | 50.0\% | 5 | 50.0\% | 5 | 10 |
| South Florida | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Texas State | 50.0\% | 4 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8 |
| Delaware State | 45.5\% | 5 | 54.5\% | 6 | 11 |
| Fairleigh Dickinson, Metropolitan Campus | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Houston* | 44.4\% | 4 | 55.6\% | 5 | 9 |
| Savannah State | 42.9\% | 3 | 57.1\% | 4 | 7 |
| Arizona | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| Kentucky | 41.7\% | 5 | 58.3\% | 7 | 12 |
| California State, Bakersfield | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Campbell University | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Miami University (Ohio) | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| Northeastern University | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |


|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| St. Francis College Brooklyn | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| University of North Texas | 40.0\% | 4 | 60.0\% | 6 | 10 |
| USC | 38.5\% | 5 | 61.5\% | 8 | 13 |
| Charleston Southern University | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Georgia Tech | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Lamar University | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Saint Peter's University | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Virginia Commonwealth | 37.5\% | 3 | 62.5\% | 5 | 8 |
| Florida International | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| North Carolina Wilmington | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Temple | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| Virginia Tech | 36.4\% | 4 | 63.6\% | 7 | 11 |
| UCLA | 35.7\% | 5 | 64.3\% | 9 | 14 |
| Austin Peay State University | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| East Tennessee State | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Georgia State | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Maryland, Baltimore County | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Northern Colorado | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Pittsburgh | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| San Diego State | 33.3\% | 4 | 66.7\% | 8 | 12 |
| St John's | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Texas Christian University | 33.3\% | 4 | 66.7\% | 8 | 12 |
| UCF Central Florida | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Western Michigan | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Wofford College | 33.3\% | 3 | 66.7\% | 6 | 9 |
| Fordham University | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Georgia Southern | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Jacksonville University | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Nevada, Las Vegas | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Pepperdine | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Southern Illinois, Carbondale | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| University of San Diego | 30.0\% | 3 | 70.0\% | 7 | 10 |
| Brown | 29.4\% | 5 | 70.6\% | 12 | 17 |
| Long Island - Brooklyn Campus | 29.4\% | 5 | 70.6\% | 12 | 17 |
| Southern Illinois, Edwardsville | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Tarleton | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| University of Missouri-kansas City | 28.6\% | 2 | 71.4\% | 5 | 7 |
| Bowling Green State | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Kansas | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Maryland | 27.3\% | 3 | 72.7\% | 8 | 11 |
| Ball State | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |
| Florida | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |
| Marist College | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |


|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Middle Tennessee State | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Saint Francis (Pennsylvania) | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |
| South Carolina | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% | 9 | 12 |
| University of Detroit Mercy | 25.0\% | 2 | 75.0\% | 6 | 8 |
| Cleveland State | 23.1\% | 3 | 76.9\% | 10 | 13 |
| Colgate | 23.1\% | 3 | 76.9\% | 10 | 13 |
| Towson University | 23.1\% | 3 | 76.9\% | 10 | 13 |
| Utah | 23.1\% | 3 | 76.9\% | 10 | 13 |
| Virginia | 23.1\% | 3 | 76.9\% | 10 | 13 |
| Furman University | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Hofstra University | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Memphis | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Mississippi | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Northern Illinois | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Old Dominion University | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| South Alabama | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Texas at El Paso | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| University of San Francisco | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Vanderbilt | 22.2\% | 2 | 77.8\% | 7 | 9 |
| Georgetown | 21.4\% | 3 | 78.6\% | 11 | 14 |
| Binghamton University | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| California, Northridge | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Cincinnati | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Colorado | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Eastern Illinois | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Florida Gulf Coast University | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Indiana University-Purdue University, Indianapolis | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Long Beach State University | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Loyola, Maryland | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Oakland University | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Oklahoma | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Seattle University | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Stetson University | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Tulane | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Valparaiso University | 20.0\% | 2 | 80.0\% | 8 | 10 |
| Wagner College | 20.0\% | 3 | 80.0\% | 12 | 15 |
| Wright State | 20.0\% | 1 | 80.0\% | 4 | 5 |
| Ohio State | 18.8\% | 3 | 81.3\% | 13 | 16 |
| UC San Diego | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Alabama at Birmingham | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Arkansas | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Butler | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |


|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| E. Carolina | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| George Mason University | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Hawaii, Manoa | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Illinios | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Iona College | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Loyola Marymount | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Niagara University | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Oregon | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Providence | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Purdue | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Santa Clara University | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Syracuse | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Tennessee | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Texas | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| West Virginia | 18.2\% | 2 | 81.8\% | 9 | 11 |
| Auburn | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |
| Georgia | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |
| Lafayette | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |
| U.S. Military Academy | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |
| Wisconsin | 16.7\% | 2 | 83.3\% | 10 | 12 |
| Stanford | 15.8\% | 3 | 84.2\% | 16 | 19 |
| Delaware | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| Indiana | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| lowa | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| Louisville | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| Mount St. Mary's University | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| Notre Dame | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| San Jose State | 15.4\% | 2 | 84.6\% | 11 | 13 |
| College of the Holy Cross | 14.3\% | 2 | 85.7\% | 12 | 14 |
| DePaul | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Duke | 14.3\% | 2 | 85.7\% | 12 | 14 |
| Eastern Washington University | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Indiana University-Purdue University, Fort Wayne | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Lousiana at Lafayette | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Marquette | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Massachusetts Lowell | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| New Jersey Institute of Technology | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Oral Roberts | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Rutgers | 14.3\% | 2 | 85.7\% | 12 | 14 |
| Texas at Arlington | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Utah Valley University | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |
| Virginia Military Institute | 14.3\% | 1 | 85.7\% | 6 | 7 |


| School | BIPOC |  | White |  | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% | n | \% | n |  |
| Abilene Christian University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Arkansas State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Califoria, Irvine | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Dixie State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Kansas State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Lipscomb University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Longwood University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Louisiana Tech University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| McNeese State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Mississippi State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| North Carolina at Charlotte | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| North Carolina at Greensboro | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Oklahoma State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Samford University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Southeast Missouri State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Southern utah University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Texas at San Antonio | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Troy University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| U Penn | 12.5\% | 2 | 87.5\% | 14 | 16 |
| University of Hartford | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| University of Idaho | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| University of Portland | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Utah State | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Wake Forest | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Weber State University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| Winthrop University | 12.5\% | 1 | 87.5\% | 7 | 8 |
| California (Berkeley) | 11.8\% | 2 | 88.2\% | 15 | 17 |
| American University | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Appalachian State | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| California, Sana Barbara | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Clemson | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Drake | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Elon University | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Gardner - Webb University | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Radford University | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Sam Houston State | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Seton Hall | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Southern Mississippi | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Tennessee at Martin | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Tulsa | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| University at Albany | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| University at Buffalo, the State University of New York | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |


|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| University of Evansville | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| University of Rhode Island | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Washington State | 11.1\% | 1 | 88.9\% | 8 | 9 |
| Yale | 10.5\% | 2 | 89.5\% | 17 | 19 |
| Baylor | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Canisius College | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Coastal Carolina | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| College of William and Mary | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Colorado State | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Drexel University | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Florida Atlantic University | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Harvard | 10.0\% | 2 | 90.0\% | 18 | 20 |
| Kent State | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Mercer University | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Miami | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Nebraska Omaha | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| New Mexico State University | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| North Florida | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Northern lowa | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Rider University | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Saint Louis University | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Stony Brook | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| University of Illinois at Chicago | 10.0\% | 1 | 90.0\% | 9 | 10 |
| Brigham Young University | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| Florida State | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| Massachusetts, Amherst | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| Missouri State | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| SMU Southern Methodist | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| U.S. Air Force Academy | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| U.S. Naval Academy | 9.1\% | 1 | 90.9\% | 10 | 11 |
| St Thomas University | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| California State, Sacramento | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| Eastern Michigan | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| Fairfield University | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| George Washington University | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| Quinnipiac University | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| University of Denver | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| University of the Pacific | 8.3\% | 1 | 91.7\% | 11 | 12 |
| Boston University | 7.7\% | 1 | 92.3\% | 12 | 13 |
| California State, Fresno | 7.7\% | 1 | 92.3\% | 12 | 13 |
| Merrimack College | 7.7\% | 1 | 92.3\% | 12 | 13 |
| Minnesota | 7.7\% | 1 | 92.3\% | 12 | 13 |


|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Bucknell | 7.1\% | 1 | 92.9\% | 13 | 14 |
| Nebraska | 7.1\% | 1 | 92.9\% | 13 | 14 |
| New Hampshire | 7.1\% | 1 | 92.9\% | 13 | 14 |
| Arizona State | 6.7\% | 1 | 93.3\% | 14 | 15 |
| North Carolina | 6.7\% | 1 | 93.3\% | 14 | 15 |
| Boston College | 6.3\% | 1 | 93.8\% | 15 | 16 |
| California, Davis | 6.3\% | 1 | 93.8\% | 15 | 16 |
| Michigan | 6.3\% | 1 | 93.8\% | 15 | 16 |
| Princeton | 5.9\% | 1 | 94.1\% | 16 | 17 |
| Darmouth | 5.3\% | 1 | 94.7\% | 18 | 19 |
| Alabama | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 12 | 12 |
| Arkansas at Little Rock | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Bellarmine University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Belmont University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Boise State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Bradley | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Bryant University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| California Polytechnic | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Calirofnia Baptist | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Central Arkansas | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Central Connecticut State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Central Michigan | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| College of Charleston (South Carolina) | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Columbia | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 15 | 15 |
| Connecticut | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 13 | 13 |
| Cornell | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 17 | 17 |
| Creighton | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Davidson College | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Duquesne University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Eastern Kentucky | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Gonzaga | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Grand Canyon University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| High Point University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Houston Baptist University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Idaho State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Illinois State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Indiana State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Iowa State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Jacksonville State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| James Madison University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 12 | 12 |
| Kennesaw State University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| La Salle University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |


|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | \% | n | \% | n | N |
| Lehigh University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 13 | 13 |
| Liberty University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Lousiana at Monroe | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Loyola University Chicago | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| LSU | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 13 | 13 |
| Manhattan College | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Marshall University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Michigan State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Missouri | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Monmouth University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| Montana State - Bozeman | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Morehead State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Murray State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| New Mexico | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Nicholls State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| North Carolina Asheville | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| North Carolina State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 12 | 12 |
| North Dakota State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Northern Arizona University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Northern Kentucky University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Northwestern | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 12 | 12 |
| Northwestern State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Ohio University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Oregon State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Penn State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 15 | 15 |
| Portland State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Presbyterian College | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Rice University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Robert Morris University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Sacred Heart University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 19 | 19 |
| Saint Joseph's University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Siena College | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 12 | 12 |
| South Carolina Upstate | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| South Dakota | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |
| South Dakota State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Southeastern Louisiana | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| St. Bonaventure University | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| St. Mary's College of California | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 9 | 9 |
| Stephen F. Austin State | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 10 | 10 |
| Tennessee at Chattanooga | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 8 | 8 |
| Tennessee Tech | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 7 | 7 |
| Texas A \& M | 0.0\% | 0 | 100.0\% | 11 | 11 |


|  | BIPOC |  | White |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| School | $\%$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | 0 | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| Texas A\&M - Corpus Christi | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 9 | 9 |
| Texas Tech | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |
| The Citadel | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 6 | 6 |
| University of Akron | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 11 | 11 |
| University of Dayton | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 9 | 9 |
| University of Maine, Orono | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 9 | 9 |
| University of Montana | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |
| University of North Alabama | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |
| University of North Dakota | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |
| University of Richmond | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 10 | 10 |
| University of the Incarnate Word | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 11 | 11 |
| University of Toledo | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 10 | 10 |
| University of Vermont | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 11 | 11 |
| Villanova | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 13 | 13 |
| Washington | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 11 | 11 |
| Western Carolina | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |
| Western Illinois | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |
| Western Kentucky University | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |
| Wichita State | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 7 | 7 |
| Wisconsin-Green Bay | $0.0 \%$ | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 9 | 9 |
| Wisconsin-Milwaukee | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |  |
| Wyoming | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 9 | 9 |  |
| Xavier | 0 | $100.0 \%$ | 8 | 8 |  |
| Youngstown State | $100.0 \%$ | 12 | 12 |  |  |



## CELEBRATING 50 YEARS of TITLE IX


[^0]:    *Offered by ten or fewer schools; **Offered by twenty or fewer schools

